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# Bottom-Up-Down Approach

Martins Rizardi, Bruno and Gomes Metello, Daniela

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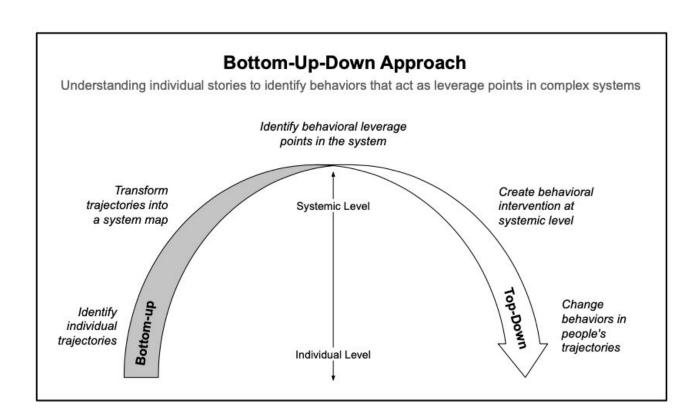
# Bottom-up-down approach

Creating system maps by understanding people's stories

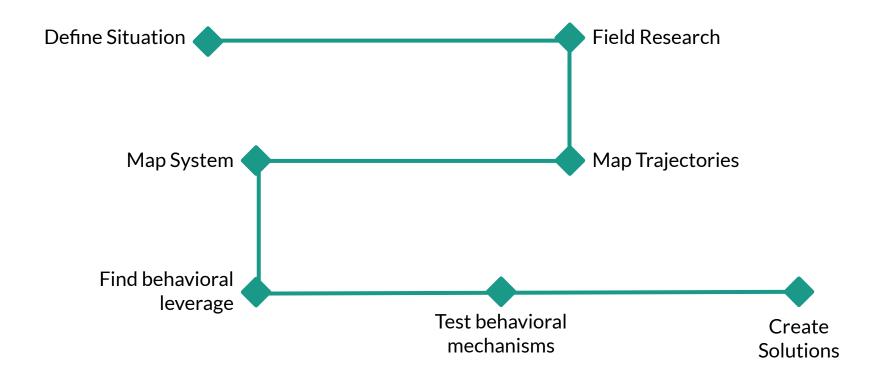
Bruno Rizardi, Daniela Metello

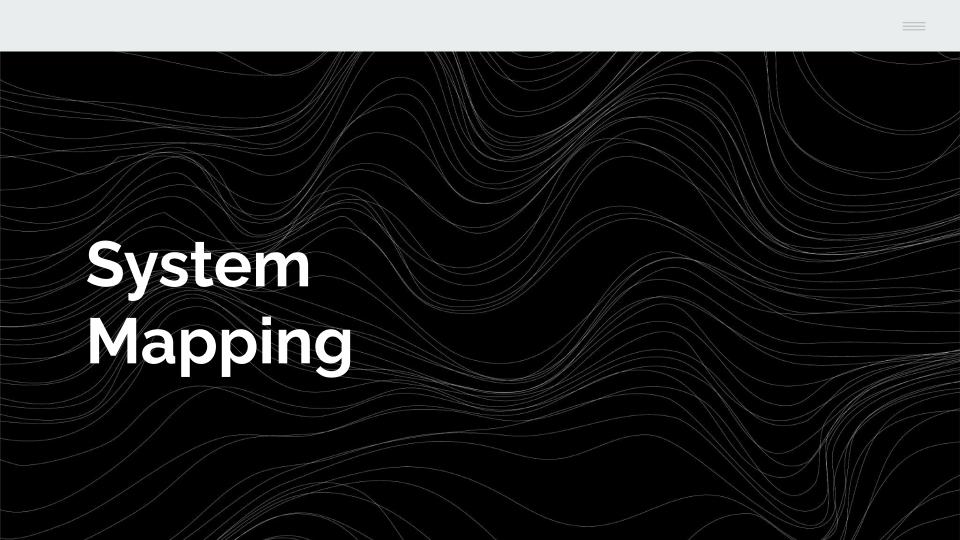
## **Overview**

Our work was based on a design perspective of human experiences, a system approach for modeling causal loops diagrams to find behavioral leverage points for systemic change



# The method







Dona Solange chegou aqui em meados dos anos 90. Conseguiu se instalar na comunidade e começar uma hortinha.



Mas a terra era de cascalho e a hortinha não ja para frente.



Certa vez recebeu a visita de um técnico de assistência e extensão rural. Ele a orientou a criar galinhas.



Parecia uma boa ideia e Dona Solange se sentiu esperancosa de início. Mas a ração encarecia muito a produção.



Foi, então, que ela teve uma ideia: vendo que a terra do vizinho era melhor, propôs uma parceira.



"Acho melh cuidar da Não quer não" - disse



com orientação alguns beneficio com sua família renda for

Desanimada, Dona Solange e sua família não sabiam o que fazer... Nesse período, recebeu nova visita do técnico, que lhe forneceu um kit de irrigação.



Mesmo assim, ela não conseguia manter uma boa produção devido às condições da terra, com muito cascalho.

### Positive deviant trajectory (successful)



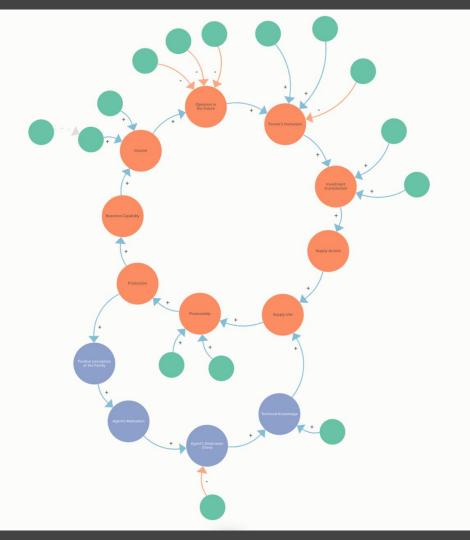
We mapped both successful and unsuccessful trajectories do determine which variables were relevant for our system map.

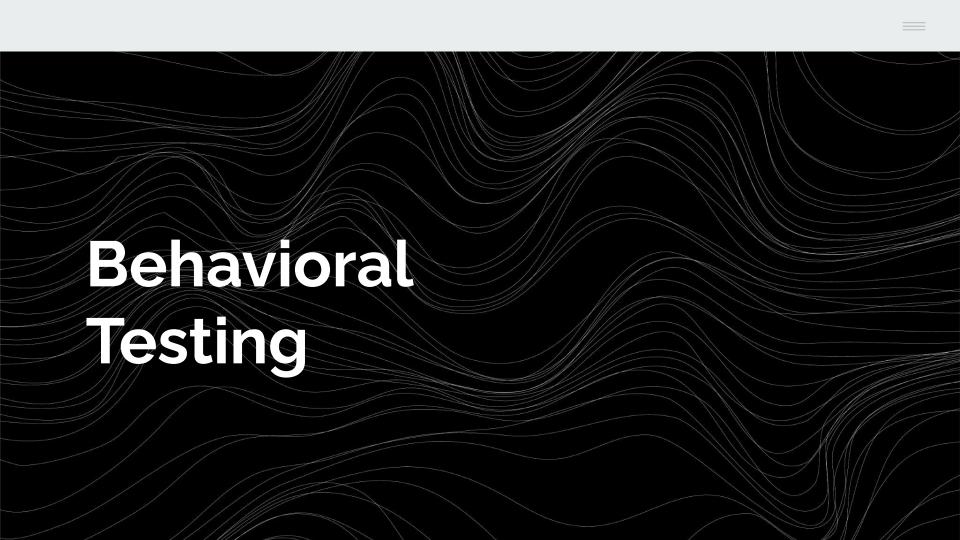
By tracking how these both trajectories intersected, we were able to identify important variables and turning points for each case, composing a system using user's stories.

### Typical case trajectory (not successful)

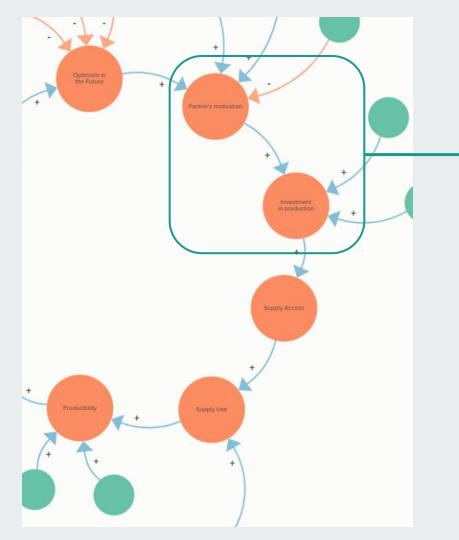












The leverage point (place in the system with potential to enact systemic change) was based on where the user had *agency*, meaning where in the system decision-making played an important role to determine the variable.

Those decision-making moments are behavioral leverage points, combining both *agency* and *systemic-level change potential*.

# Behavioral Testing

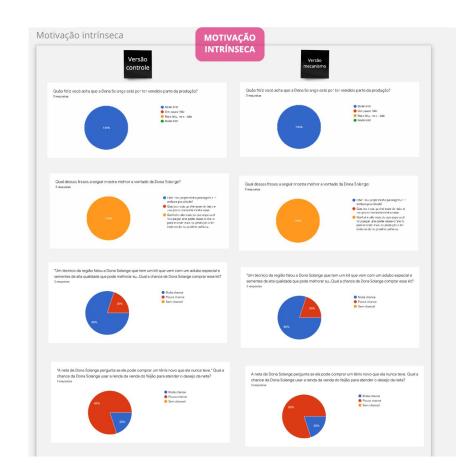
To identify the behavioral mechanisms that could create change, we designed a test with vignettes.

The vignettes comprised a standard story and a test version which varied according to the behavioral element that would be tested - mental model, selective learning and intrinsic motivation.

The farmers answered questions about the 2 versions so we could compare the results.

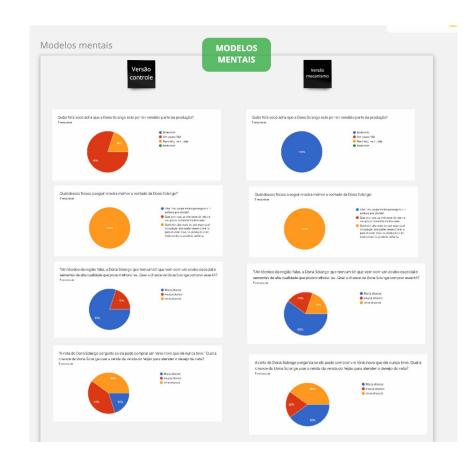
# **Intrinsic Motivation**

No significant change was found between control and treatment tests.



# **Mental Models**

Mental models showed negative results.



# **Selective Learning**

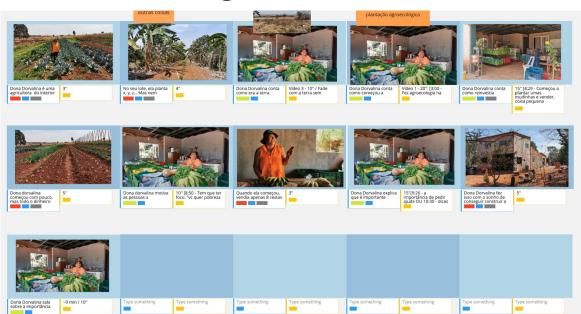
Selective learning showed a significant variation.



**Solution prototyping** 

The team designed a peer-to-peer learning experience, using positive deviant role models to change peers' mental model and teach new techniques

# We are testing a video with a successful story



# **Conclusions**

- The relationship between behavioral sciences and systemic design has proven to be quite promising;
- It is possible to identify people's key behaviors that seem to have systemic impacts the use of vignettes has shown good results;
- It is important to test which mechanisms can leverage behavioral changes;
- The use of contrasts between positive deviances/typical case shows what are the key factors in systems;
- If possible, it is important to test different levers to find the most promising.

# Thank you!

Bruno Rizardi, Daniela Metello

brunomrizardi@gmail.com daniela.metello@enap.gov.br